AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following is a complete, marked up listing of revised claims with a status identifier in parentheses, underlined text indicating insertions, and strikethrough and/or double brackets indicating deletions.

LISTING OF CLAIMS

- 1. (Previously Presented) A high slew rate amplifying circuit for a TFT-type of LCD system, the amplifying circuit comprising:
 - an operational amplifier;
 - a pull-up transistor connected to an output of the operational amplifier;
 - a pull-down transistor connected to the output of the operational amplifier;
- a control circuit to selectively actuate the pull-up transistor and the pull-down transistor, respectively.
- 2. (Original) The amplifying circuit of claim 1, wherein the control circuit is operable to selectively actuate each of the pull-up and pull-down transistors, respectively, for one of the following: less than about 1/2 of the period of a polarity signal; or less than the period of an output enable signal.
- 3. (Original) The amplifying circuit of claim 2, wherein the control circuit is operable to selectively actuate each of the pull-up and pull-down transistors, respectively, for one of the following: less than about 1/20 period of the polarity signal; or less than about 1/10 of the period of the output enable signal.
- 4. (Original) The amplifying circuit of claim 3, wherein the control circuit is operable to selectively actuate each of the pull-up and pull-down transistors, respectively, for one of the following: less than about 1/200 of the period of the polarity signal; or less than about 1/100 of the period of the output enable signal.

- 5. (Previously Presented) A high slew rate amplifying circuit for a TFT-type of LCD system, the amplifying circuit comprising:
 - an operational amplifier;
 - a pull-up transistor connected to an output of the operational amplifier;
 - a pull-down transistor connected to the output of the operational amplifier; and
- a control circuit to selectively actuate the pull-up transistor and the pull-down transistor, respectively, the control circuit including at least the following,
- a first one-shot circuit to generate a first one-shot signal that determines actuation time of the pull-up transistor, and
- a second one-shot rising circuit to generate a second one-shot signal that determines actuation time of the pull-down transistor.
- 6. (Original) The amplifying circuit of claim 5, wherein the first and second one-shot signals are determined as a function of an output enable signal.
- 7. (Original) The amplifying circuit of claim 5, wherein each of the first and second one-shot circuits includes at least one delay unit, respectively, to delay a transition in the respective one-shot signal relative to a transition in the output enable signal.
- 8. (Original) The amplifying circuit of claim 1, wherein the operational amplifier includes a high-part amplifying sub-circuit and a low-part amplifying sub-circuit.
- 9. (Original) The amplifying circuit of claim 8, wherein the high-part amplifying subcircuit has voltage follower configuration including a plurality of transistors.
- 10. (Original) The amplifying circuit of claim 9, wherein the high-part amplifying subcircuit further includes at least one capacitor.

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- 11. (Original) The amplifying circuit of claim 8, wherein the low-part amplifying subcircuit has voltage follower configuration including a plurality of transistors.
- 12. (Original) The amplifying circuit of claim 11, wherein the low-part amplifying subcircuit further includes at least one capacitor.
- 13. (Original) The amplifying circuit of claim 8, wherein the pull-up transistor is connected to the output of the high-part amplifying sub-circuit and the pull-down transistor is connected to the output of the low-part amplifying sub-circuit.
- 14. (Original) The amplifying circuit of claim 8, wherein the control circuit is operable to selectively control the pull-up and pull-down transistors, respectively, based upon an output enable signal.
- 15. (Previously Presented) A high slew rate amplifying apparatus for a TFT-type of LCD system, the apparatus comprising:

operational amplifying means;

pull-up means for pulling up the output signal of the operational amplifying means;

pull-down means for pulling down the output signal of the operational amplifying means;

control means for selectively turning on and off the pull-up means and the pull-down means, respectively.

16. (Original) The amplifying apparatus of claim 15, wherein the control means is operable to control each of the pull-up and pull-down transistors, respectively, to be turned on for one of the following: less than about 1/2 of the period of a polarity signal; or less than the period of an output enable signal.

- 17. (Original) The amplifying circuit of claim 16, wherein the control means is operable to control each of the pull-up and pull-down transistors, respectively, to be turned on for one of the following: less than about 1/20 period of the polarity signal; or less than about 1/10 of the period of the output enable signal.
- 18. (Original) The amplifying circuit of claim 17, wherein the control means is operable to control each of the pull-up and pull-down transistors, respectively, to be turned on for one of the following: less than about 1/200 of the period of the polarity signal; or less than about 1/100 of the period of the output enable signal.
- 19. (Previously Presented) A high slew rate amplifying apparatus for a TFT-type of LCD system, the apparatus comprising:

operational amplifying means;

pull-up means for pulling up the output signal of the operational amplifying means;

pull-down means for pulling down the output signal of the operational amplifying means;

control means for selectively turning on and off the pull-up means and the pulldown means, respectively, the control means includes at least the following,

first one-shot means for providing a first one-shot signal that determines a duration that the pull-up means is turned on, and

second one-shot means for providing a second one-shot signal that determines a duration that the pull-down means is turned on.

- 20. (Original) The amplifying apparatus of claim 19, wherein the first and second one-shot signals are based upon an output enable signal.
- 21. (Original) The amplifying apparatus of claim 19, wherein each of the first and second one-shot means includes at least one delay means, respectively, to delay

turning of the respective one-shot means relative to a transition in the output enable signal.

- 22. (Original) The amplifying apparatus of claim 15, wherein the operational amplifying means includes high-part means and low-part means, the pull-up means being operable to pull-up the output of the high-part means and the pull-down means being operable to pull-down the output of the low-part means.
- 23. (Original) The amplifying apparatus of claim 15, wherein the control means is further operable for selectively controlling the pull-up and pull-down transistors, respectively, based upon an output enable signal.
- 24. (Previously Presented) A liquid crystal display (LCD) device comprising: an LCD panel; and
 - a plurality of source drivers connected to the panel; each of the source drivers including an output buffer; each output buffer including:

an operational amplifier;

- a pull-up transistor connected to the output of the operational amplifier;
- a pull-down transistor connected to the output of the operational amplifier;
- a control circuit to selectively actuate the pull-up transistor and the pulldown transistor, respectively.
- 25. (Original) The LCD device of claim 24, wherein the control circuit is operable to selectively actuate each of the pull-up and pull-down transistors, respectively, for one of the following:

less than about 1/2 of the period of a polarity signal; less than the period of an output enable signal;

less than about 1/20 period of the polarity signal; less than about 1/10 of the period of the output enable signal; less than about 1/200 of the period of the polarity signal; or less than about 1/100 of the period of the output enable signal.

26. (Previously Presented) A liquid crystal display (LCD) device comprising: an LCD panel; and a plurality of source drivers connected to the panel; each of the source drivers including an output buffer; each output buffer including:

an operational amplifier;

- a pull-up transistor connected to the output of the operational amplifier;
- a pull-down transistor connected to the output of the operational amplifier;
- a control circuit to selectively actuate the pull-up transistor and the pulldown transistor, respectively, the control circuit including at least the following,
- a first one-shot circuit to generate a first one-shot signal that determines actuation time of the pull-up transistor, and
- a second one-shot rising circuit to generate a second one-shot signal that determines actuation time of the pull-down transistor,

the first and second one-shot signals being determined as a function of the output enable signal.

- 27. (Original) The LCD device of claim 26, wherein each of the first and second oneshot circuits includes at least one delay unit, respectively, to delay a transition in the respective one-shot signal relative to a transition in an output enable signal.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The LCD device of claim 24, wherein the operational amplifier includes a high-part amplifying sub-circuit and a low-part amplifying sub-

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circuit, the pull-up transistor being connected to the output of the high-part amplifying sub-circuit and the pull-down transistor being connected to the output of the low-part amplifying sub-circuit.

- 29. (Previously Presented) The LCD device of claim 24, wherein the control circuit is operable to selectively control the pull-up and pull-down transistors, respectively, based upon an output enable signal.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The amplifying circuit of claim 1, wherein the control circuit is operable so that the selective actuation achieves a combined operative duration of the pull-up and pull-down transistors that is significantly shorter than an operative duration of the operational amplifier.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The amplifying apparatus of claim 15, wherein the control means is operable so that the selective turning on and off achieves a combined operative duration of the pull-up means and the pull-down means that is significantly shorter than an operative duration of the operational amplifying means.
- 32. (Previously Presented) The LCD device of claim 24, wherein the control circuit is operable so that the selective actuation achieves a combined operative duration of the pull-up and pull-down transistors that is significantly shorter than an operative duration of the operational amplifier.